# READING – LITERATURE GRADE – KINDERGARTEN

#### KEY IDEAS AND DETAILS: Students will be able to:

- 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
- 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

## A kindergarten student will:

- 1. With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- 2. With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.
- 3. With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.
- 4. Employ the full range of research-based comprehension strategies, including making connections, determining importance, questioning, visualizing, making inferences, summarizing, and monitoring for comprehension.

#### CRAFT AND STRUCTURE: Students will be able to:

- 1. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.
- 2. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text relate to each other and the whole.
- 3. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

# A kindergarten student will:

- 1. Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.
- 2. Recognize common types of texts.
- 3. With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.

#### INTEGRATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS: Students will be able to:

- 1. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.
- 2. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of evidence.
- 3. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or compare the approaches authors take.

### A kindergarten student will:

- 1. With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear.
- 2. With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.

## RANGE OF READING AND LEVEL OF TEXT COMPLEXITY: Students will be able to:

1. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

## A kindergarten student will:

Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.

# READING – INFORMATIONAL TEXT GRADE – KINDERGARTEN

## KEY IDEAS AND DETAILS: Students will be able to:

- 1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas,
- 3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

### A kindergarten student will:

- 1. With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- 2. With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
- 3. With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.
- 4. Employ the full range of research-based comprehension strategies, including making connections, determining importance, questioning, visualizing, making inferences, summarizing, and monitoring for comprehension.

#### CRAFT AND STRUCTURE: Students will be able to:

- Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.
- 2. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text relate to each other and the whole.
- 3. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

## A kindergarten student will:

- 1. With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.
- 2. Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.
- 3. Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.

## INTEGRATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS: Students will be able to:

- 1. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.
- Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of evidence.
- 3. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or compare the approaches authors take.

### A kindergarten student will:

- 1. With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts).
- 2. With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.
- 3. With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).

# RANGE OF READING AND LEVEL OF TEXT COMPLEXITY: Students will be able to:

1. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

## A kindergarten student will:

Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.

# READING – FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS GRADE – KINDERGARTEN

## **PRINT CONCEPTS**

#### A kindergarten student will:

Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.

- a. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.
- b. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by a specific sequence of letters.
- c. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.
- d. Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.

#### **PHONOLOGICAL AWARENESS**

## A kindergarten student will:

Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).

- a. Recognize and produce rhyming words.
- b. Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.
- Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.
- d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme words (CVC).
- e. Add or substitute individual sounds in simple one-syllable words to make new words (bag bug or bag rag).

## **PHONICS AND WORD RECOGNITION**

#### A kindergarten student will:

Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis in decoding words.

- a. Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant.
- b. Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings for the five major vowels.
- c. Read common high-frequency words by sight.
- d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ.

## FLUENCY

## A kindergarten student will:

Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding

# ENGLISH - WRITING GRADE - KINDERGARTEN

#### TEXT TYPES AND PURPOSES: Students will be able to:

- 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured
  event sequences.

# A kindergarten student will:

- 1. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is . . .).
- 2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.
- 3. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.

#### PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF WRITING: Students will be able to:

- 1. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 2. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
- 3. Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

## A kindergarten student will:

- 1. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.
- 2. With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

# RESEARCH TO BUILD AND PRESENT KNOWLEDGE: Students will be able to:

- Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
- 3. Draw evidence from literacy or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

## A kindergarten student will:

- 1. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).
- 2. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

# ENGLISH – SPEAKING AND LISTENING GRADE – KINDERGARTEN

## COMPREHENSION AND COLLABORATION: Students will be able to:

- 1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on each other's ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- 2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
- 3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

# A kindergarten student will:

- 1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about *kindergarten topics and texts* with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
  - a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topic and texts under discussion).
  - b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.
- Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.
- 3. Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.

#### PRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS: Students will be able to:

- Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 2. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.
- 3. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

# A kindergarten student will:

- 1. Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.
- 2. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.
- 3. Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.
- 4. Recite familiar stories, poems, nursery rhymes, and lines of a play.

# ENGLISH - LANGUAGE GRADE - KINDERGARTEN

#### CONVENTIONS OF STANDARD ENGLISH: Students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

# A kindergarten student will:

- 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - a. Print many upper- and lowercase letters.
  - b. Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
  - c. Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/.
  - d. Understand and use questions words (e.g., who, what, when, where, why, how).
  - e. Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, off, on, by, with).
  - f. Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
  - a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.
  - b. Recognize and name end punctuation.
  - c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).
  - Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.

#### VOCABULARY ACQUISITION AND USE: Students will be able to:

- 1. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- 2. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; demonstrate independence in gather vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

## A kindergarten student will:

- 1. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple—meaning words and phrases based on *kindergarten* reading and content.
  - a. Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing *duck* is a bird and learning the verb to *duck*).
  - b. Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.
- 2. With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
  - a. Sort common objects into categories to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
  - b. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites.
  - c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use.
  - d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action by acting out the meanings.
- 3. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.